

# MT EDUCARE LTD.

## QUEST - I (Semi Prelim I) (2018-19)

**Portion :** History : 1/ 2, 3, 7/ 8, Democratic Politics : 4, 6,  
Geography : 3, 4, 5, Economics : 3, 4, 5

**CBSE - X**

**SET - B**

**Roll No.**

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**Code No. 101**

### Series RLH

- Please check that this question paper contains 5 printed pages.
- Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- Please check that this question paper contains 26 questions.
- Please write down the serial number of the question before attempting it.

## Social Science

**Time allowed :** 3 Hours

**Maximum Marks :** 80

### General Instructions :

- i. The question paper has **26** questions in all. **All** questions are **compulsory**.
- ii. Marks are indicated against each question.
- iii. Questions from serial number **1** to **7** are very short answer type questions. Each question carries **one** mark.
- iv. Questions from serial number **8** to **18** are **3** marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed **80** words each.
- v. Questions from serial number **19** to **25** are **5** marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed **100** words each.
- vi. Question numbers **26** is map question. It has two parts **26(A)** and **26(B)**. **26(A)** of **2** marks from History and **26(B)** of **3** marks from Geography. After completion attach the map inside your answer book.
- vii. There is no overall choice. However, internal choice has been provided in some questions. You have to attempt only **one** of the alternatives in all such-questions.

**SECTION A**

- Q.1** Where was the Frankfurt parliament held? [1]  
**OR**  
Which was the school started in 1907 to provide western education, in Vietnam? [1]
- Q.2** Why did Gandhiji, call off the Non - Cooperation Movement in 1922? [1]
- Q.3** What is a Collateral? [1]
- Q.4** What do you mean by Defection ? [1]
- Q.5** What is foreign investment? [1]  
**OR**  
What is an MNC? [1]
- Q.6** Which logo would you like to see while purchasing jewellery? [1]
- Q.7** Which part of India is one of the major mineral producing regions of the world ? [1]  
**OR**  
What is meant by geothermal energy? [1]

**SECTION B**

- Q.8** What is meant by 'Imperialism'? Give two features of imperialism. [3]  
**OR**  
What were the religious beliefs of the Vietnamese ? [3]
- Q.9** Which three early Satyagrahi movements were organised by Mahatma Gandhi? [3]
- Q.10** Differentiate between the commercial agriculture and the subsistence agriculture. Write any three differences. [3]
- Q.11** What is a dam? How are they classified? [3]
- Q.12** What are Feminist Movements? What were their major demands? [3]

- Q.13** Besides caste, which other factors do matter in electoral politics? Explain. [3]
- Q.14** How Regional parties give strength to Federalism ? [3]
- Q.15** Write about the distribution of mineral oil in India. [3]

**OR**

Solar energy should be developed in India. Explain any three reasons. [3]

- Q.16** How has liberalisation of trade and investment policies helped the globalisation process? [3]

**OR**

How would flexibility in labour laws help companies? Explain. [3]

- Q.17** Mention any three rights of consumers. [3]
- Q.18** Why is modern currency accepted as a medium of exchange without any use of its own? Find out the reason. [3]

**OR**

Compare and contrast the role of formal and informal source of credit. [3]

**SECTION C**

- Q.19** Explain how print culture assisted the growth of nationalism in India? [5]

**OR**

How did the Indian novels deal with the issue of caste? [5]

- Q.20** Why growth of nationalism in the colonies is linked to an anti - colonial movement? Explain. [5]

- Q.21** Write two main causes of water scarcity. Describe three main adaptations of traditional rainwater harvesting methods being carried out to conserve and store water. [5]

- Q.22** In situations with high risks, credit might create further problems for the borrower. Explain. [5]

**Q.23** How far is it correct to say that it is not politics that gets caste ridden, but it is the caste that gets politicised? Explain. [5]

**Q.24** Describe any four aspects of life in which women are discriminated in Indian Society. [5]

**OR**

What are the various functions of political party in a democracy ? [5]

**Q.25** Which institutional reforms were undertaken by the government to ensure the increase in agricultural production ? [5]

**SECTION D**

**Q.26 (A)** Two places A and B are marked on the outline political map of India, identify these places with the help of following information and write their correct names on the lines marked near them:

(a) The venue of Indian National Congress on 1929. [1]

(b) The place of Cotton Mill Satyagraha by Mahatma Gandhi. [1]

**(B)** Locate and label ANY THREE of the following with appropriate symbols on the same given outline political map of India.

(i) Name the state which is largest producer of wheat. [1]

(ii) Sardar Sarovar Dam with the name of river. [1]

(iii) State leading in production of spices. [1]

(iv) The iron-ore exporting port in South India. [1]

(v) Name the software technology park in Uttar Pradesh. [1]



*All the Best* 🍀